Guidelines for Authors (OAJPE)

10 Weeks from Submission to Publication

Timeline of Paper Review

Figure 1. Typical timeline of OAJPE review process

Figure 1 shows the timeline of the typical OAJPE review process in 10 weeks from submission to publication with two rounds of reviews (initial and revision rounds). The general review process and duration are shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>EIC screens and assigns the paper to a proper editor who assigns the paper to reviewers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-4</td>
<td>First round review within 3 weeks.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>First round decision by the editor and EIC in Week 4.</td>
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<td>5-7</td>
<td>Revise and resubmit the paper within 3 weeks (for non-major revisions).</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>EIC assigns the paper to proper editor who assigns the paper to reviewers.</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Second Round Review within 1 week.</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Final Decision.</td>
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</table>

Guidelines on High Quality Papers

Significance
The specific problems/issues presented in the paper should be meaningful, and they should have some technical significance deserving of investigation.

Originality
The paper should contain original contributions that are innovative and have a potential impact on academic research, industry application or both. Originality should be made evident in the early parts of the paper, and the case should be made by citing literature to, for example, describe the state-of-the-art
and highlight the research gap. The introduction, aims and objectives, discussion and conclusion should all reflect this originality. For application papers the importance and relevance of the problem addressed and the usefulness of the contribution for the practicing community are also of great importance.

**Rigor**
The research work conducted to support, validate, or demonstrate the paper’s contribution should have a certain degree of technical depth and scientific rigor. In other words, rigor should be evident from the meat of the paper – strong and extensive (i.e. substantial) datasets rigorously analyzed, and where relevant marrying experimental, analytical and numerical work.

**Effective Presentation**
The paper’s texts and illustrations should communicate the contents effectively, the paper should be well structured, and the IEEE Power and Energy Society (PES) Journal Template should be followed.

**Types of Papers**
OAJPE will consider 6 types of papers.

**Type 1: Research Papers**
Research papers are expected to present innovative solutions, novel concepts, or creative ideas that address existing or emerging technical challenges in the field of power engineering. OAJPE welcomes research papers that are visionary and promise significant future advances.

**Type 2: Application Papers**
Application papers are expected to share valuable industry experiences on dealing with challenging technical issues, developing/adopting new standards, applying new technologies, or solving complex problems. OAJPE welcomes application papers that will have a significant impact on future industry practices.


**Type 3: Hybrid Papers**
Hybrid papers combine features of Type 1 and Type 2 papers.

**Type 4: Review Papers**
Review papers are expected to provide insightful and expert reviews, tutorials, or case studies on an important, timely topic of wide interest in the electric power and energy systems fields. Review papers are to be in-depth, critical analyses. Reviews may be undertaken on a broad subject area or on a very specific topic, and are expected to be more than just a survey of the literature accompanied by a long list of references. OAJPE welcomes reviews that present the state-of-the-art along with critical issues that have been solved as well as challenges that remain unresolved.

**Type 5: Visionary Papers**
Visionary papers are designed for seasoned researchers to share their visions on a significant trend or technical challenge facing the power industry or to present innovative or emerging ideas/concepts that may produce a wide range of impacts. A paper of this type is intended to promote, influence or lead research activities in the subject area.
Type 6: Working Group and Task Force Papers
Working Group (WG) and Task Force (TF) papers are prepared by WGs and TFs working on topics relevant to the journal. The review process will be as rigorous as other papers. In addition, the PES publication board has established a policy that a WG/TF paper must be written using a standard format. Example: http://cmte.ieee.org/tpwrd/wp-content/uploads/sites/107/2016/06/Working-Group-Paper-Sample.pdf

Note, OAJPE considers short papers for Type 1, Type 2 and Type 3 papers. The technical merits of short papers should be aligned with IEEE Power and Energy Society Letters (PESL). Initial submission is limited to 3 pages and the final accepted version should be within 4 pages. OAJPE does not consider short papers for Type 4-6 papers.

Length of Papers
Initial submission must be within 10 pages, and the final accepted version must be within 12 pages.

Plagiarism Policy
IEEE defines plagiarism as the use of someone else’s prior ideas, processes, results, or words without explicitly acknowledging the original author and source. Plagiarism in any form is unacceptable and is considered a serious breach of professional conduct, with potentially severe ethical and legal consequences. Subsection 8.2.4.D provides detailed guidelines for a) handling allegations of plagiarism, b) applying appropriate corrective actions when findings of plagiarism have been reached, and c) referencing previously published material.


Paper Submission
Paper Submission Website:
https://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/oajpe

IEEE PES Authors’ Kit:
https://www.ieee-pes.org/publications/information-for-authors

Paper Template:
Meet the Editor-in-Chief

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About this Document

Under the supervision of the EIC, this document was developed during November 2020 to March 2021 by the OAJPE Task Force (TF) on Website of Resource which consists of the following members:

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